

# CHAPTER 5.

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## Words in this chapter:

acquisition  
amenable

beau  
bevel  
botany  
brusque

caucus  
characterize  
circumvent  
concoct  
contrive  
corode  
cultural

dilapidated  
discredit  
discretion  
disdainful  
disparage  
disprove  
dissuade

enfold  
err  
erroneous  
essence

fabricate  
fervent  
fluster

hallowed

impeccable  
integral  
intercede  
intern  
interrogate  
intrusion  
invalidate  
invoice

meager  
modulate

obsolete

quibble

ratify  
raucous  
recluse  
refute  
restrain

scaffold  
squander  
status  
subsidize  
surpass

# A. Adjectives with Simple Definitions

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<b>amenable</b>	willing, agreeable
<b>brusque</b>	blunt, spoken in a sharp and abrupt manner
<b>dilapidated</b>	run-down, shabby
<b>erroneous</b>	false, incorrect
<b>fervent</b>	passionate, emotional
<b>hallowed</b>	sacred
<b>impeccable</b>	free from fault, flawless
<b>meager</b>	scant or skimpy
<b>obsolete</b>	out of date
<b>raucous</b>	loud and boisterous



(1-5) Choose the word or phrase with the **same** meaning, or almost the same meaning, as the word in bold type.

1. a **fervent** response

- A. enthusiastic      C. negative  
B. halfhearted      D. predictable

2. a **brusque** reply

- A. curt      C. prompt  
B. polite      D. unexpected

3. an **erroneous** claim

- A. accurate      C. greedy  
B. fair      D. mistaken

4. **hallowed** halls

- A. dark      C. holy  
B. gloomy      D. hushed

5. **impeccable** taste

- A. classic      C. perfect  
B. different      D. sour

(6-10) Choose the word or phrase with the **opposite** meaning, or with the meaning which is most nearly opposite.

6. a **dilapidated** building

- A. brand new      C. poorly built  
B. luxurious      D. towering

7. to become **obsolete**

- A. behind the times      C. hard to find  
B. easy to change      D. up-to-date

8. **meager** earnings

- A. insufficient      C. plentiful  
B. pitiful      D. small

9. a **raucous** audience

- A. angry      C. mixed  
B. enthusiastic      D. quiet

10. **amenable** to the suggestion

- A. considering      C. following  
B. deciding      D. rejecting

(11–15) Fill in the missing word in the sentence.

11. She offered a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ apology and burst into tears.  
A. dilapidated      C. obsolete  
B. fervent          D. raucous
12. My father says the trouble with all these new appliances is that they become \_\_\_\_\_ as soon as you figure out how to operate them.  
A. dilapidated      C. obsolete  
B. fervent          D. raucous
13. She was \_\_\_\_\_ to our plan and agreed to come along.  
A. amenable        C. hallowed  
B. erroneous       D. meager
14. I'm never going back to that restaurant. They charge outrageously high prices for \_\_\_\_\_ portions of mediocre food.  
A. amenable        C. hallowed  
B. erroneous       D. meager
15. Her manner is so \_\_\_\_\_ that I'm always afraid to ask her questions for fear she'll snap at me.  
A. brusque          C. hallowed  
B. dilapidated      D. impeccable

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## B. Verbs with Simple Definitions

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<b>circumvent</b>	to go around, to outwit
<b>enfold</b>	to wrap up, to encircle
<b>err</b>	to make a mistake
<b>fabricate</b>	to invent, to create, to lie
<b>fluster</b>	to confuse, to upset, to upset to the point where you can't think straight
<b>interrogate</b>	to question, to subject to lengthy questioning
<b>quibble</b>	to bicker, to disagree over small points
<b>restrain</b>	to hold back
<b>squander</b>	to waste
<b>surpass</b>	to exceed, to outdo

(1–5) Choose the word or phrase with the **same** meaning, or almost the same meaning, as the word in bold type.

1. **enfolded** in darkness  
A. alone in            C. silent in  
B. frightened by    D. surrounded by
2. **fabricate** a story  
A. make up            C. recite  
B. memorize          D. retell
3. **interrogate** the witness  
A. accuse              C. excuse  
B. examine            D. summon
4. **restrain** yourself  
A. allow                C. describe  
B. control              D. insult

5. **circumvent** the issue

- A. avoid                      C. define  
B. decide                     D. discuss

(6–10) Choose the word or phrase with the **opposite** meaning, or with the meaning which is most nearly opposite.

6. **errs** often

- A. is correct                C. is sick  
B. is lost                    D. is unpleasant

7. **flustered** by the questions

- A. angered                 C. frightened  
B. calmed                  D. made nervous

8. stop **quibbling**

- A. agreeing                C. whispering  
B. complimenting        D. yelling

9. **surpass** the rest

- A. fall behind              C. scare off  
B. lie about                D. show off

10. **squander** your earnings

- A. deserve                 C. share  
B. save                      D. spend

(11–15) Fill in the missing word in the sentence.

11. The boy became so \_\_\_\_\_ that he could barely remember his own address and phone number.

- A. enfolded                C. flustered  
B. erred                    D. quibbled

12. They spent so much time \_\_\_\_\_ over the minor details that they never got around to discussing the central issues.

- A. enfolding                C. flustering  
B. erring                    D. quibbling

13. She became so angry and so violent that it took two men to \_\_\_\_\_ her.

- A. fabricate                C. restrain  
B. interrogate              D. surpass

14. Thank you so much. Your generous donations have \_\_\_\_\_ even our wildest expectations.

- A. fabricated              C. restrained  
B. interrogated             D. surpassed

15. Somehow we managed to \_\_\_\_\_ all the red tape and to receive our visas and passports in three days.

- A. circumvent              C. fabricate  
B. enfold                    D. squander

## C. Definitions for You to Derive from Context

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1. **acquisition**

The museum has a special hall in which it exhibits its recent **acquisitions**. I visited it yesterday and was very impressed by them. They will make splendid additions to the museum's permanent collection.

- A. generous financial contributions  
B. oldest and most respected works or art  
C. special collections on loan from another museum  
D. things one has gained possession of

2. A person who is very **acquisitive**

- A. likes to acquire a lot of possessions  
B. likes to give things away

3. **beau**

My grandmother loves to tell stories about all the **beaus** she had when she was my age. To listen to her talk, you'd think there wasn't a young man in the entire state who wasn't trying to convince her to marry him.

- A. family  
B. parties  
C. problems  
D. suitors

4. Which of these are **beaus**?

- A. boyfriends  
B. employers  
C. teachers  
D. wives

5. **botany**

She is taking a course in **botany**. Each Monday the class goes on a field trip, collects all sorts of plant samples, and learns about the different varieties of plants. Then on Wednesdays in the lab, they examine the samples under a microscope.

- A. study of animal growth  
B. study of insect life  
C. study of microscope use  
D. study of plant life

6. Which is likely to be of more interest to a **botanist**?

- A. tropical rain forest  
B. urban housing project

7. **concoct**

We didn't want anyone to know where we had really been, so we **concocted** an elaborate story to explain why we had been out all night and hadn't been able to call and let our parents know where we were. It sounded pretty farfetched to me, but they seemed to believe it.

- A. hinted at  
B. kept secret  
C. made up  
D. read about

8. Which of these can be **concoctions**?

- A. brothers and sisters  
B. cars and houses  
C. government and industry  
D. phony stories and strange recipes

9. **intrusion**

I stopped visiting them because each time I went, I felt my visit was an **intrusion**. Whenever I walked into the room, they'd stop talking and look uncomfortable, as though I had walked in on a private conversation or something. They never did anything to make me feel welcome.

- A. long-awaited visitor  
B. pleasant surprise  
C. unexpected guest  
D. unwelcome invasion

10. **Intrusion** comes from the verb to **intrude**, which means

- A. to enter without permission  
B. to feel ill at ease  
C. to help out  
D. to visit

11. **invoice**

I ordered some books about six months ago and received an **invoice** from the publisher almost immediately, but the months went by and the merchandise never arrived. I keep receiving copies of the **invoice**, but I've refused to pay until the books arrive.

- A. apology  
B. bill  
C. letter  
D. refund

12. Who is more likely to send you an *invoice*?  
 A. a relative at Christmas  
 B. store where you bought something
13. **ratify**  
 Treaties with foreign countries have to be *ratified* by the Senate. If the Senate does not give its approval, the treaty does not go into effect.  
 A. altered significantly  
 B. formally approved  
 C. debated briefly  
 D. discussed at length
14. opposite of *ratify*  
 A. change  
 B. contradict  
 C. postpone  
 D. turn down
15. **recluse**  
 They say that since his wife died he's become a *recluse*. He never leaves his house, has all his groceries delivered, refuses to answer the phone, and allows no one to enter his house, not even his old friends.  
 A. demon  
 B. genius  
 C. hermit  
 D. lunatic
16. Someone who is *reclusive*  
 A. likes being alone  
 B. loves family gatherings
17. **refute**  
 I tried to *refute* his argument, but it seemed that all the facts were on his side, while all I had to go on was my own instinct.  
 A. comprehend  
 B. disprove  
 C. settle  
 D. support
18. opposite of *refute*  
 A. agree  
 B. collect  
 C. mimic  
 D. select
19. **scaffold**  
 They say that Michelangelo spent years lying on his back on a *scaffold* in order to paint the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel.  
 A. fancy tiled floor  
 B. simple wooden bench  
 C. temporary platform for working up high  
 D. tiny aluminum ladder
20. Where are you more likely to find *scaffolding*?  
 A. airplane being refueled  
 B. beautiful sandy beach  
 C. elegant expensive hotel  
 D. house being remodeled

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## D. Verbs with Longer Definitions

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- bevel** To cut or shape at a slant. You can *bevel* the side of a piece of wood so that it slopes to one side. The instrument used to do measure the slant for marking is also called a *bevel*.
- caucus** To hold a special meeting, usually of political figures, in order to select political candidates or to decide upon the group's policy. The meeting itself is also known as a *caucus*.
- characterize** To describe the qualities or traits of someone or something, or to actually be a characteristic of.
- contrive** To figure out a clever way to do something.
- corrode** To eat away at gradually. To *corrode* often describes a chemical process. It can also apply to an abstract situation, where it means to weaken gradually.

- disparage** To speak about someone or something in an insulting or degrading way, often in a subtle or indirect manner.
- intercede** To enter into a dispute to try to help solve it, usually by asking mercy or forgiveness for the person who has done wrong.
- invalidate** To make something *invalid*, to take away its strength, power, or legitimacy.
- modulate** To regulate. To *modulate* is used most frequently to describe the regulation of voice or sound, or the technical process involved in regulating light or radio waves.
- subsidize** To help pay for a person's or organization's activities. The government, for example, *subsidizes* (pays *subsidies* for) various things which it considers important.



(1–5) Choose the word or phrase with the **same** meaning, or almost the same meaning, as the word in bold type.

- |                               |                                |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. carefully <b>contrived</b> | 4. federally <b>subsidized</b> |
| A. built                      | A. funded                      |
| B. controlled                 | B. ordered                     |
| C. described                  | C. regulated                   |
| D. planned                    | D. staffed                     |
| 2. slowly <b>corroding</b>    | 5. tempted to <b>intercede</b> |
| A. building up                | A. comment                     |
| B. growing old                | B. disagree                    |
| C. running out                | C. interpose                   |
| D. wearing away               | D. interview                   |
| 3. <b>modulate</b> the sound  |                                |
| A. adjust                     | C. identify                    |
| B. appreciate                 | D. ignore                      |

(6–10) Answer the following questions.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 6. Which might have a <b>beveled</b> surface?                | 9. If your driver's license has been <b>invalidated</b> , you |
| A. new silk dress  | A. are not permitted to drive                                 |
| B. wooden chest  | B. must renew it every four years                             |
| 7. Which is more likely to be discussed at a <b>caucus</b> ? | 10. Someone who <b>disparages</b> you probably                |
| A. favorite recipes  | A. makes you angry  |
| B. political platforms                                       | B. makes you jealous  |
| 8. How might you <b>characterize</b> your favorite musician? |   |
| A. concerts and albums                                       |   |
| B. talented and entertaining                                 |   |

(11–15) Fill in the missing word in the sentence.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 11. After standing unused in the driveway for several years, his old tricycle was _____ with rust. | 12. If you don't follow directions, your entry will be _____. |
| A. characterized   | A. characterized  |
| B. contrived   | B. contrived  |
| C. corroded  | C. corroded   |
| D. invalidated   | D. invalidated  |

13. If the government stopped \_\_\_\_\_ us, we'd have to discontinue the program.  
 A. beveling                      C. modulating  
 B. interceding                D. subsidizing
14. As soon as I found out what had happened, I tried to \_\_\_\_\_ on her behalf, but by then it was too late.  
 A. bevel                            C. modulate  
 B. intercede                    D. subsidize
15. I wonder if she realizes just how much she hurts people with her constant \_\_\_\_\_ remarks.  
 A. caucusing                    C. disparaging  
 B. characterizing            D. invalidating

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## E. Words with More than One Meaning

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- cultural**      a. [adjective] Having to do with the arts—literature, music, and painting.  
 b. [adjective] As used in anthropology, having to do with the way a group of people live and work—with their values, the things they believe in, the way they do things, and so on. Anthropologists talk of the **culture** of the Japanese, or of the Pueblo Indians, or of Italians, or of other such groups.
- essence**      a. [noun] The real or true nature of something. **Essence** is used frequently in the phrase *in essence*, which means **essentially**.  
 b. [noun] Odor or perfume.
- integral**      a. [noun] In advanced mathematics, the study of **integral calculus** provides a way of determining the area of figures with different shapes.  
 b. [adjective] Essential, usually essential in making something complete or whole.
- intern**        a. [noun] Person, usually an advanced student or a graduate, who is getting practical experience in his or her chosen field by working under someone else's supervision, learning and working at the same time. Doctors work as **interns** in hospitals after they graduate from medical school.  
 b. [verb] To take someone into custody and confine him or her, usually during a war. **To intern** people is not to arrest them or charge them with any crime, merely to round them up and keep them somewhere, as many Americans of Japanese descent were **interned** during World War II.
- status**        a. [noun] High rank or prestige, something impressive or admirable, often in a superficial way, like a **status symbol**.  
 b. [noun] Condition or position, often used in reference to legal things, as in the **status** of a lawsuit.



(1–3) Choose the word or phrase with the **same** meaning, or almost the same meaning, as the word in bold type.

1. **essence** of roses

- A. appeal                      C. scent  
B. beauty                      D. softness

3. the **status** of his case

- A. beginning                  C. result  
B. purpose                    D. state

2. working as an **intern**

- A. apprentice                C. professor  
B. consultant                D. specialist

(4–6) Choose the word or phrase with the **opposite** meaning, or with the meaning which is most nearly opposite.

4. a **cultural** T.V. program

- A. sports                      C. unpopular  
B. undesirable               D. unusual

6. **interned** during the war

- A. released                    C. victorious  
B. saved                       D. wounded

5. an **integral** part

- A. crucial                      C. harmful  
B. forgettable                D. unnecessary

(7–10) Fill in the missing word in the sentence.

7. The types of food we eat, our styles of clothing, and our religious beliefs are all part of our \_\_\_\_\_ heritage.

- A. cultural                      C. integral  
B. essential                    D. status

9. The portrait Linda painted of Stuart doesn't actually look anything like him, but somehow it captures his \_\_\_\_\_ so that when you look at the canvas you know immediately that it's him.

- A. essence                      C. intern  
B. integral                      D. status

8. Having a positive attitude is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ element in making any project a success.

- A. cultural                      C. intern  
B. integral                      D. status

10. She applied for a visa six weeks ago. Each day she goes to the embassy to check on the \_\_\_\_\_ of her application, and each day they tell her it's still being processed.

- A. essence                      C. intern  
B. integral                      D. status

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## F. Words with the Prefix *Dis-*

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The prefix **dis-** sometimes means "not" or "opposite of," and sometimes "do the opposite of."

**discredit** [verb] To disbelieve something; or to cause others to lose confidence in something or someone. From *dis-*+*cred*, a Latin root meaning "believe." Also [noun], loss of credit; or loss of confidence.

- discretion** [noun] Good judgment, especially in knowing when to keep one's mouth shut. From *dis-* + *cretus*, a form of the Latin word meaning "sifted." Someone who shows **discretion** has sifted the possible courses of action and chosen the best one. (The related adjective is the word *discreet*.)
- disdainful** [adjective] Showing contempt. From *dis-* + *deign* (pronounced like DAIN), the English form of a French word meaning "to consent in a superior, high-and-mighty way." A **disdainful** person doesn't even *deign* to take notice of you.
- disprove** [verb] To show that an idea or statement is wrong. From *dis-* + *prove*.
- dissuade** [verb] To persuade someone not to do something. From *dis-* + *suadere*, a Latin word meaning "to urge." When you **dissuade** someone, their urge to do something goes away.



(1–3) Choose the word or phrase with the **same** meaning, or almost the same meaning, as the word in bold type.

1. use your **discretion**

- A. agility                      C. skills  
B. sense                        D. strength

2. to act in a **disdainful** way

- A. ambitious                C. clever  
B. amiable                    D. scornful

3. her story has been **discredited**

- A. revealed                    C. taken back  
B. shown to be false        D. told over and over

(4–7) Choose the word or phrase with the **opposite** meaning, or with the meaning which is most nearly opposite.

4. to **disprove** what you said

- A. agree with                C. refute  
B. confirm                    D. repeat

6. with total **disdain**

- A. contempt                 C. respect  
B. laughter                 D. seriousness

5. I don't want to **dissuade** you

- A. encourage                C. prevent  
B. help                         D. test

7. a **discredited** argument

- A. clever                        C. proven true  
B. possible                    D. silenced

(8) Answer the following question.

8. Which two words from this lesson have similar meanings?

- A. disprove and discredit      C. discredit and dissuade  
B. disprove and dissuade

(9–10) Fill in the missing word in the sentence.

9. You should never have told her that. That shows a total lack of \_\_\_\_\_ on your part.

- A. discredit                    C. disdain  
B. discretion

10. She wants to take up flying lessons. I think it's crazy. But there's no way I can \_\_\_\_\_ her.

- A. disprove                    C. dissuade  
B. discredit

## G. Chapter 5 Review

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(1–15) Choose the word or phrase with the **same** meaning, or almost the same meaning, as the word in bold type.

- modulate** your voice  
A. appreciate      C. regulate  
B. hear              D. turn off
- surpass** all expectations  
A. deny              C. fulfill  
B. exceed            D. report
- a **brusque** retort  
A. angry             C. lengthy  
B. blunt              D. sincere
- officially **interrogated**  
A. convicted        C. questioned  
B. praised            D. released
- constantly **quibbling**  
A. bickering        C. whispering  
B. chattering        D. yelling
- to receive an **invoice**  
A. award            C. invitation  
B. billing            D. request
- to meet your **beau**  
A. boyfriend        C. neighbor  
B. co-worker        D. role model
- concoct** an excuse  
A. fall for            C. present  
B. invent            D. try to prove
- easily flustered**  
A. angered          C. fooled  
B. confused          D. satisfied
- an unwelcome **intrusion**  
A. appearance      C. suggestion  
B. interference      D. surprise
- completely **enfolded**  
A. misunderstood   C. used up  
B. taken aback       D. wrapped up
- fabricate** what happened  
A. create            C. publish  
B. exaggerate        D. retell
- subsidize** the program  
A. cancel            C. plan  
B. pay for            D. publicize
- circumvent** the problem  
A. confuse           C. go around  
B. debate            D. ignore
- intercede** for someone  
A. ask for mercy    C. lie  
B. do a job            D. work

(16–30) Choose the word or phrase with the **opposite** meaning, or with the meaning which is most nearly opposite.

- a **meager** supply  
A. ample            C. steady  
B. incomplete      D. yearly
- an **impeccable** job  
A. flawed            C. popular  
B. monotonous      D. skillful
- disprove** his claim  
A. attack            C. establish  
B. deny              D. ignore
- to be **ratified**  
A. anticipated      C. humiliated  
B. defeated          D. respected
- thoroughly **amenable**  
A. disagreeing      C. insincere  
B. enviable          D. pleasurable
- a **dilapidated** building  
A. high-rise        C. low-rent  
B. in good            D. overcrowded  
condition

22. **restrain** your feelings  
 A. control                      C. indulge  
 B. defeat                        D. injure
23. an **erroneous** belief  
 A. common                      C. outlandish  
 B. correct                        D. radical
24. to be a **refuse**  
 A. bad sport                      C. social butterfly  
 B. easy target                    D. true friend
25. a **disdainful** glance  
 A. admiring                      C. pleading  
 B. haughty                        D. terrified
26. use **discretion**  
 A. bad advice                    C. poor judgment  
 B. natural resources            D. pure instinct
27. to **disparage** her  
 A. blame                         C. compliment  
 B. comfort                        D. irritate
28. a **fervent** plea  
 A. arrogant                      C. halfhearted  
 B. greedy                         D. unusual
29. to **err** infrequently  
 A. be accurate                    C. be polite  
 B. be pleasant                    D. be punctual
30. **hallowed** rooms  
 A. crowded                        C. spacious  
 B. filthy                            D. unholy

(31–40) Answer the following questions.

31. Where is the atmosphere likely to be more **raucous**?  
 A. boxing match  
 B. job interview
32. Which might a **botanist** collect?  
 A. butterflies  
 B. wild flowers
33. Which might you **bevel**?  
 A. glass  
 B. sawdust
34. Which might be considered **obsolete**?  
 A. horse-drawn carriages  
 B. new car
35. Which do you think **corrodes** metal?  
 A. blowtorch  
 B. rust
36. Who might need a **scaffold**?  
 A. baker  
 B. window washer
37. If your ticket has been **invalidated**,  
 A. it can't be used  
 B. it's ready to be used
38. Who might hold a **caucus**?  
 A. dance troupe  
 B. political committee
39. If a statement has been **discredited**, it  
 A. carries no weight  
 B. has received official approval
40. Which might you **conceive**?  
 A. scheme  
 B. vacation

(41–45) Fill in the missing word in the sentence.

41. Every weekend they go to garage sales and estate auctions buying old furniture and knickknacks. Every so often, one of their \_\_\_\_\_ turns out to be a valuable antique.  
 A. acquisitions                    C. integrals  
 B. essences                        D. interns
42. I'm not sure exactly how to \_\_\_\_\_ it in words. You'll have to see it yourself to understand what I mean.  
 A. characterize                    C. intern  
 B. dissuade                        D. refute

43. Bob did all he could to \_\_\_\_\_ her, but once she gets an idea into her head, there's no talking her out of it.

- A. characterize      C. intern  
B. dissuade          D. squander

44. Don't look at me for sympathy. You're the one who \_\_\_\_\_ his entire savings account. You have no one to blame but yourself.

- A. characterized      C. refuted  
B. interned            D. squandered

45. With a few well chosen points, backed up by solid proof, she was able to \_\_\_\_\_ his argument and prove her case.

- A. characterize      C. refute  
B. intern              D. squander

(46-48) Choose the word that has the two meanings that are in bold type.

46. **perfume**; **true nature**

- A. aroma              C. essence  
B. aura                D. soul

48. **to confine**; **apprentice**

- A. side                C. entrap  
B. cage                D. intern

47. **type of calculus**; **essential**

- A. absolute            C. integral  
B. differential        D. irreplaceable

(49-50) Pick out the best sentence to go with the definition.

49. **high prestige**

- A. Her **status** is still unclear. Some say she'll be allowed to remain in the country, but others think she'll be forced to leave.  
B. I don't think he's really interested in medicine. I think he just wants the **status** that being a doctor will bring him.  
C. Please keep us posted on the **status** of your case. We'll be available if you need us for anything.

50. **having to do with the arts**

- A. He explained some of the **cultural** differences which separate the various tribes of American Indians.  
B. It's important that we take into account both the **cultural** and the physical influences which have shaped our society.  
C. We had lived in a big city for several years. So after moving to the country, we had a hard time getting used to the lack of available **cultural** events.

# H. Chapter 5 Analogies

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(1-2) Look over the pair of words in capitals and the sentence that describes their relationship. Then pick out the pair of words with a similar relationship.

1. MEAGER : PLENTIFUL

Meager and plentiful describe opposite quantities.

- A. CHEAP : SCARCE
- B. CROWDED : ROOMY
- C. LOST : FOUND

2. BOTANY : ANATOMY

Botany and anatomy are both biological sciences.

- A. ECONOMICS : ENGLISH
- B. ELECTRICITY : CIRCUITS
- C. GEOLOGY : ASTRONOMY

(3-6) Figure out how the first two words in capitals are related. Then choose the pair of words that are related in a similar way.

3. CORRODE : METAL

- A. CHIP : STONE
- B. ERODE : LAND
- C. SAW : WOOD

4. QUESTIONABLE : ERRONEOUS

- A. AGING : OBSOLETE
- B. AMENABLE : WILLING
- C. FAILING : CORRECTED

5. LITERATURE : CULTURAL

- A. GYMNASTICS : ATHLETIC
- B. MATHEMATICS : COMPUTER
- C. MARRIAGE : LIFELONG

6. INVOICE : PAYMENT

- A. CONTRACT : SIGNATURE
  - B. NUMBERS : LETTERS
  - C. QUESTION : ANSWER
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